

POWERS' REPLIES.

The French Government Is Favorable to the Position Taken By Russia.

EMPEROR WILLIAM IS OPPOSED TO IT

Regards the Conditions at Peking Such as to Require the Continued Presence of Troops.

It Is Likely That This View of the Situation Will Be Concurred in By Great Britain, Japan, Austria and Italy.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The latest expression as to the attitude of the powers on the evacuation of Peking comes from the United States ambassador at Paris, Gen. Horace Porter, who has advised the authorities here that the attitude of the French government is favorable to the position taken by Russia. Almost simultaneously with this dispatch from Gen. Porter came another from the American charge d'affaires at Berlin, giving the attitude of Germany on Russia's proposal. This in substance states that Germany, while anxious to avoid any friction between the powers, regards the conditions at Peking such as to require the continued presence of German forces there. Neither Gen. Porter nor Mr. Jackson gave the text of the answers, but only the substance of the positions taken by the two governments.

These two highly important communications bring the Chinese negotiations to a very advanced stage, though they are not yet concluded, as all of the answers are not in. The German and French answers, however, clearly indicate the alignment of the powers. It is generally accepted that Germany's attitude in favor of remaining at Peking will be concurred in by Italy and Austria, as these two countries act with Germany on political questions of a general nature. Moreover, definite word has been received here which clearly foreshadows Austria's position in favor of remaining at Peking. As to the purpose of Great Britain, there is an absolute lack of official information, though little doubt is entertained that since Germany has taken the initiative Great Britain will follow suit in favor of remaining at Peking. The position of Japan, likewise, is lacking in definiteness, although it is believed in the best posted quarters that if other nations remain at Peking Japan will deem it expedient to remain there also. It would seem from this that France is the only government to give concurrence to the Russian proposition, although the United States has expressed a purpose of following Russia's course, unless the other powers brought about a modification of Russia's position. Thus far Russia has not expressed any purpose of modifying her original position. It was stated authoritatively Thursday that Russia has not ordered the presence of her minister or troops from Peking up to this time, so far as the United States government is advised. It is stated also that no new propositions have been presented, but the question is practically the same as when first presented, namely, as to whether the troops will remain or be withdrawn from Peking.

London, Sept. 7.—Germany's polite refusal to withdraw from Peking is commented upon with keen satisfaction in London and the hope is expressed that Lord Salisbury will show similar firmness. The British reply has not yet been formulated. Lord Salisbury desires to consult with his colleagues and has notified the foreign office of his intention to return to London from the continent early next week.

ANOTHER NOTE PREPARED.

The Communications From Europe Brought About Numerous Conferences at Washington.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The receipt of the communications from Berlin and Paris brought about numerous conferences between the president, Secretary Root and Acting Secretary of State Hill, and also between Mr. Hill and Mr. Adee. It was gathered from these meetings that another note was being prepared by the United States, but the authorities did not feel disposed to give any inkling as to its nature, and it is quite probable that its final form will await the consideration of the cabinet Friday. Aside from the general question, the French government's again considering the status of Li Hung Chang and this subject was also brought to the attention of the authorities here Thursday. There have been reports of prospective detention of Earl Li in case he proceeded north, but the communications just in hand indicate that there will be no interference with his movements. His acceptability as a peace commissioner also continues to be a subject of discussion, there being a strong desire in certain quarters not to include him in the Chinese commission.

M. Thiebaud, the French charge d'affaires, and Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German charge, had long conferences at the state department Thursday, but the purposes of their calls were not disclosed, although they are understood to have related to the Chinese situation. The military situation at Peking remains unchanged apparently. Gen. Chaffee's

messages make it clear that he for one is proceeding upon the understanding that the American troops are to winter in China, and he and Gen. Barry speak of the comfortable arrangements that have been made for the soldiers. The American contingent in the parade through the imperial palace was small, probably in conformity with an arrangement between the various commanders in Peking that the force selected to make the demonstration should be limited in numbers in order to reduce the chance of looting. It is supposed here that this demonstration was made to impress the Chinese people as a whole and not from any present military necessity.

The Entry Into the Palace Grounds. Washington, Sept. 7.—The war department Thursday received the following:

TAKU, China (no date). Adjutant General, Washington: Peking, 28th.—The officers and soldiers of the China relief expedition send thanks to the president and secretary of war for message of congratulation. Formal entry of palace grounds made to-day at 8 o'clock salute of 21 guns being fired at the south and north gates. Troops of all nations participated. The United States by a battalion 350 strong composed of details from each organization present at the taking of the city. Palace vacant with the exception of about 300 servants. Gen. Barry sailed for Manila to-day. Danish cable. Shanghai to Taku, open for business, connect with our wire.

CHAFFEE.

Boxers Killed in Battle.

London, Sept. 7.—It is reported that 2,000 Boxers have been killed and wounded in conflicts with the troops of Gen. Yuan Shi Kia, military governor of Shan Tung. A Hong-Kong dispatch reports from Wu Chau that serious disaffection exists at Lun Chau. Three hundred robbers besieged the residence of a wealthy Chinaman at Tai Ping Fu. The prefect of Wu Chau, with 100 soldiers, went to his assistance, but has been compelled to telegraph for 400 reinforcements.

Germans Land at Shanghai.

Shanghai, Sept. 7.—The first battalion of German troops landed here on Thursday from the steamer Batavia. The foreign consuls and detachments of French and Russian troops received them and escorted them to camp, the bands playing German airs.

LABOR UNIONS.

An Iowa Justice Holds That They Are Pools or Trusts and Are a Violation of the Law.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 7.—Justice Halloran Thursday rendered a decision in a justice court in the case of Ryan vs. Charles Weitz & Son, in which he held that a labor union is a pool or trust, the operation of which is in direct violation of section 5,000 of the code of Iowa, which says: "Any corporation or organization having for its object the maintenance or regulation of any commodity is a trust or pool."

The American and English encyclopedia of law defines labor to be a commodity, and it is on these two authorities that Mr. Halloran formed his opinion. Ryan is backed by the teamsters' union of Des Moines, which will take the case to the district court on a writ of error. The supreme court will probably be called upon to settle the question.

SHAM BATTLE OF MANILA.

A Number of Persons Injured By the Collapse of a Section of the Amphitheater at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 7.—During the production Thursday night of the battle of Manila by a fireworks company, in the baseball park, a section of the amphitheater 75 feet in length collapsed and injured a number of persons. The injuries in most cases were confined to sprained and broken ankles and wrists, broken fingers and bruised limbs. But two cases involving serious injury to the spine were reported.

Armor Plate Tested.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The bureau of naval ordnance held a test at Indian Head proving ground Thursday of Carnegie plate intended to form group 2 of the side armor on the monitor Arkansas, now building at Newport News, Va. Two shots were fired from a 6-inch gun at velocities of 1,968 feet seconds each. The plate passed the test successfully and the group which it represents was accepted ballistically for the government.

Russia After American Coal.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 7.—Baron Person, Russian naval agent, who returned to Washington Wednesday night, came here to see Wm. Lamb, agent for a large firm of Pocahontas coal dealers, and it is believed in the trade, concluded a contract under which the Russian navy will be supplied with coal from this port.

Wholesale Note Forgers.

London, Sept. 7.—The police of Budapest, according to a dispatch from Vienna to the Daily Mail, have captured a gang of wholesale note forgers, including a political lawyer named Takata and Frau Kovarz, a well-known painter. Takata tried to shoot himself.

Breach of Promise Cost \$40,000.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 7.—The \$50,000 breach of promise suit brought by Widow Julia Calhoun against F. A. Wundeburg, the millionaire Hawaiian sugar planter, has been compromised. Wundeburg settling with property and money to the sum of \$40,000.

THE BIG STRIKE.

The Matter Was Not Considered at the Meeting of the Mine Workers Thursday.

IT WILL BE CALLED UP FRIDAY

The Threatened Trouble Involves About 142,000 Miners In the Anthracite Coal Regions.

If the Strike Is Ordered By the National Board, It Will Affect Approximately One Million Persons.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 7.—"The condition of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania was not considered at Thursday's meeting of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America," said President John Mitchell Thursday night.

"As a matter of fact I have not placed the matter before the board," he continued, "but it has been made a special order for Friday's session and will be taken up the first thing in the morning. I said some time ago that in my opinion there would be a big strike unless the operators agree to meet us in a wage conference. I have no reason to believe otherwise now. This is my own opinion. I have not talked with the other members of the board about it."

"Information from the anthracite region indicates that the operators will not meet us and from this you can draw your own conclusion as to what the outcome will be."

W. D. Ryan, secretary-treasurer of the Illinois district, is here and in consultation with members of the board. The treasury of the Illinois miners is full, and it is reported upon good authority that the district controls about \$200,000. Without the consent of the local unions of the district of Illinois, this money would not be at the command of the national board, and it is thought that Mr. Ryan is here for the purpose of pledging the financial assistance of his district to the board in the event of a strike.

Each and every member of the board said Thursday night that he had not become sufficiently familiar with the facts to venture an opinion, but all realize the gravity of the proposition with which they must deal. As a rule they are conservative, but the general sentiment is that there will be a strike.

The threatened general strike involving 142,000 anthracite coal miners in Pennsylvania is of international importance. If the strike is ordered by the national board of the United Mine Workers, approximately 1,000,000 persons will be affected. The anthracite fields are located in Schuylkill, Susquehanna, Northumberland, Luzerne, Columbia, Carbon and Dauphin counties, Pennsylvania. Hazleton is the central city of the region, and here will be the headquarters of the officers of the United Mine Workers. To the operators time has been granted until Saturday to meet the demands of the miners.

A NEW VOLCANO.

Eruption on a Mountain Near the Old Colima Disturbance in Mexico Scared the Natives.

Gundalajara, Mexico, Sept. 7.—A new volcano has broken forth about 30 miles southeast of the old Colima volcano. The new volcano made its appearance suddenly and without warning. The natives living near the base of the mountain, as it is called, were much alarmed at first and fled from their homes, but as prospects of danger passed they returned. The volcano is small, and local scientists predict that it will soon disappear.

Funeral of Ex-Gov. Leveiling.

Wichita, Kan., Sept. 7.—The funeral of ex-Gov. Leveiling was held here Thursday. The body, which lay in state Wednesday at the Leveiling home, was taken Thursday morning to the Plymouth Congregational church, where services were held. The burial was at Maple Grove cemetery.

Ordered to the Philippines.

Fort Snelling, Minn., Sept. 7.—The second battalion of the 8th United States infantry, including four companies, the non-commissioned staff and band, Maj. F. Stretch commanding, was entrained for San Francisco and the Philippines.

Gen. McClelland's Condition.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 7.—Dr. Bowcock stated Thursday night that Gen. John McClelland had passed a very restless day and was growing weaker. He is still unable to retain food owing to paralysis of the bowels.

Expected Revolution in Guatemala.

Tapachula, Mexico, Sept. 7.—Advices from Guatemala show restlessness and paralysis of business on account of the expected breaking out of a revolution. President Cabrera's position is admitted to be insecure.

Millionaire Phelps Better.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Mr. Erskine M. Phelps, the Chicago millionaire merchant, who has been seriously ill for several days, was reported greatly improved Thursday night.

Soldiers for Lourenco Marques.

London, Sept. 7.—England will send at once 1,000 soldiers to Lourenco Marques to prevent violations by the Boers of the Portuguese East Africa frontier.

CATHOLIC BODIES TO UNITE.

Meeting of Vast Importance To Be Held in Philadelphia—Delegates From All Over the Country.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Advices received here indicate that one of the most important meetings of Catholic priests and laymen ever held in this country will convene at Philadelphia under Archbishop Ryan's auspices on September 17.

This meeting will be attended by delegates representing every section of the United States and from all the Catholic benevolent and fraternal societies under the guidance of episcopal authority, which, it is estimated, embrace a membership of fully 150,000 souls.

The object in view is to form a federation of these associations, if possible, for the general good of them all. It is understood that the order known as the "Catholic Knights of America" has initiated the movement looking to the amalgamation, in this respect following the suggestion recently given by Bishop McFaul, of Trenton, N. J.

TO BE BROUGHT HOME.

Remains of Officers and Men in the Navy Killed in Action or Dead Outside the United States.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The navy department is making arrangements for bringing home the remains of officers and enlisted men of the navy and marine corps who died or were killed in action and buried outside the United States since April 21, 1895, the official date of the beginning of the Spanish war.

There are 105 cases of this description, including five officers, 57 enlisted men of the navy and 43 enlisted men of the marine corps. It is the purpose of the navy department to have these remains interred at places in the United States selected by the next of kin, or, if no preference is expressed, at the National cemetery near San Francisco. All unclaimed bodies from the West Indies and Atlantic points will be interred in Arlington cemetery near here.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

It May Not Be Held at Denver, Col., and Cleveland, O., Has Made a Bid for It.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 7.—Owing to the disinclination of the Western Trade association to grant the rate of 1 cent a mile, which was one of the conditions on which Denver was selected as the place for the next encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Cleveland has made a bid for the encampment. The G. A. R. posts in this city, working in connection with the Business Men's Convention league, have started the movement, and it is meeting with much favor.

TWO SOLDIERS MISSING.

It Is Feared That Lieut. Brewer and Private O'Flaherty Were Captured by Filipino Robbers.

Washington, Sept. 7.—News has reached the war department that First Lieut. Richard Henry Brewer, Company F, 27th infantry, volunteers, a Washington boy, in company with Private O'Flaherty left Naval Station for Manila on July 13 last. Neither has been heard from since. Lieut. Brewer had with him \$1,000 in Mexican currency and it is feared that he and his companion have been captured by a robber band of Ladrones.

Lieut. Brewer is a grandson of Judge Brewer, of Annapolis.

Evidently Murdered.

Algonia, Ill., Sept. 7.—The identity of the two men found dead on the railroad near Sexton has been established by means of papers found upon them. They were August Carlquist, of Boone, Ia., and Jens Graveson, of Indianapolis. They were evidently murdered, being shot through the lungs and their pockets having been rifled.

Killed in an Earthquake.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 7.—An earthquake at Lituya bay, August 11, according to information brought out by the steamer Hertha, did a vast amount of damage. Five Indians are known to have been killed. Two heavy shocks were felt, according to the Indians.

The Report Denied.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 7.—General Manager Mudge, of the Santa Fe, denies the report that his company is backing the project of the Kansas & Southern railroad, a short line in Pottawatomie county, Kansas, to build a north and south railroad from Nebraska to Oklahoma.

Bishop Hartzell's Secretary.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 7.—Bishop Joseph C. Hartzell, of the Methodist Episcopal church, has announced the appointment of Henry G. Gough, of this city, as his secretary and helper in his African work to which he will return after the Central Illinois conference this month.

Teachers for the Philippines.

Winona, Minn., Sept. 7.—Prof. Atkinson, superintendent of instruction in the Philippines, has written to Secretary Shepard, of the National Educational association, asking him to send normal graduates as teachers for the islands.

Condition of the Treasury.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Thursday's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, \$134,161,245; gold, \$68,337,144.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mathias Pechorr, founder of the famous Hacker brewery at Munich, is dead.

Gov. John Lind was renominated by the Minnesota democratic state convention by acclamation at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Wm. J. Morgan, of Buffalo, comptroller of the state of New York, and who was renominated for the office Wednesday, died early Thursday.

The bones of the German emperors of the Salic line, recently disinterred at the cathedral of Spies, have been reinterred with imposing ceremonies.

The extraordinary Italian embassy to inform Emperor William officially of the accession of King Victor Emmanuel III. to the throne of Italy dined with the Kaiser Thursday evening.

Locusts and other insects are destroying the growing crops of corn in parts of Nicaragua. A fungus is doing much damage to the coffee trees in the department of Matagalpa and Jinotega.

Maurice Grau announces the engagement of Miss Fanchon Thompson, the young American contralto, for 16 performances in New York and Chicago in November and December with an English opera company.

Bryan's Tour of West Virginia.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 7.—The tour of West Virginia which began Wednesday last by Hon. W. J. Bryan, the democratic presidential candidate, was concluded here with a speech on Thursday evening. He traveled from Deer Park by way of Clarksburg and Parkersburg, and arrived here at 7:45 p. m. He was greeted by bonfires and rockets in the suburbs, and the railroad for squares was lined with people. The day's run covered about 300 miles.

Campaign Opens With a Picnic.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—The democratic campaign opens here on Saturday with a picnic. W. J. Bryan and Judge Tarvin, of Kentucky, will speak.

Capt. Joseph Anderson Dead.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 7.—Capt. Joseph Anderson, vice president and general manager of the United States Glass Co., died Thursday after a short illness.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis Were the Winners of Yesterday's Contests.

Innings... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 R. H. E.
Brooklyn... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2 12 1
Pittsburgh... 0 4 1 1 0 0 3 0—9 13 0
Game called on account of darkness.
Batteries—Kennedy, Kitson and Farrell; Loeber and Zimmer. Umpire—O'Day.

Innings... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 R. H. E.
Philad'a... 9 3 0 0 0 5 2 1—20 25 1
Chicago... 2 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—5 8 7
Batteries—Fraser, Bernhard, McFarland and Jacklisch; Callahan, Donohue and Dexter. Umpire—Kinslie.

Innings... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 R. H. E.
New York... 1 0 0 0 2 1 0 0—4 4 7
St. Louis... 5 0 3 0 0 2 1 0—11 10 2
Batteries—Doherty, Mathewson and Bowerman; Sudhoff and Robinson. Umpire—Gaffney.

Innings... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 R. H. E.
Boston... 0 1 2 0 0 2 *—5 10 1
Cincinnati... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 8 4
Game called on account of darkness.
Batteries—Lewis and Clarke; Scott, Kahoe and Peltz. Umpire—Snyder.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Brooklyn	65	42	.607
Pittsburgh	63	48	.569
Philadelphia	56	52	.514
Chicago	54	57	.486
Boston	53	58	.478
St. Louis	50	58	.460
Cincinnati	50	60	.455
New York	45	63	.417

THE MARKETS.

Cincinnati, Sept. 6.
FLOUR—Spring fancy, \$3.50@3.70; spring family, \$3@3.30; spring patent, \$3.00@4.40; winter fancy, \$3.30@3.70; winter family, \$2.90@3.20; winter patent \$3.75@4; extra, \$2.15@2.40; low grade, \$1.90@2.10; northwestern rye, \$2.55@3.05; do city, \$2.85@3.05.

GRAIN—Wheat: No. 2 red nominal at 75¢@75½¢ on track. Corn: No. 2 mixed nominal at 43½¢ on track. Oats: No. 3 mixed, track, 21½¢; No. 3 mixed, track, 21½¢.

LIVE STOCK—Hogs: Select shippers, \$5.50; select butchers, \$5.47½¢; \$5.50; fair to good packers, \$5.40¢; \$5.47½¢; fair to good light, \$5.40¢; \$5.50; common and roughs, \$4.50@5.30. Cattle: Fair to good shippers, \$4.85@5.50; good to choice butchers, \$4.75@5.15; fair to medium butchers, \$4.75@5.40; common, \$3.25@3.75. Sheep: Extras, \$3.60@3.65; good to choice, \$2.50@3.30; common to fair, \$2@2.40. Lambs: Extras, none on sale; good to choice, \$4.25@5.50; common to fair, \$3@4. Veal calves: Fair to good, \$6.50@7.25; common and large, \$4@6.25.

Chicago, Sept. 6.—Wheat—October, 73¢; November, 74¢; December, 75¢. Corn—October, 38¢@38½¢; split; November, 36¢; December, 34¢. Oats—October, 21½¢. Provisions—Pork: October, \$10.97½¢; January, \$11.15. Lard: October, \$6.70; January, \$6.47½¢. Ribs: October, \$7.10; January, \$5.87½¢.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, none; steady; veals, \$5.50@5.70. Hogs—Receipts, 15 cars; a shade lower; heavy, \$5.60@5.70; mixed, \$5.65; Yorkers, \$5.65@5.75; pigs, \$5.60@5.70; roughs, \$4.75@5. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 7 cars; barely steady; part of receipts Can.; lambs, \$14@15.75; sheep, \$2@3.75.



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17 E. Second street. MAYSVILLE, KY.

Advertisement for Mrs. L. V. Davis, Millinery, Maysville, Ky. Includes a portrait of a woman.

RAILWAY TIMECARDS.

L. N. Louisville & Nashville RAILROAD.

Leaves MAYSVILLE DIVISION. Arrives. 8:45 a.m. Louisville 10:00 a.m. 1:15 p.m. Mayville 2:30 p.m. All trains daily except Sunday.

ARRIVALS AT MAYSVILLE.

Leaves. Arrives. No. 16, 10:00 a.m. No. 17, 1:35 p.m. No. 18, 5:10 p.m. No. 19, 8:30 p.m. No. 20, 11:00 p.m. No. 21, 1:00 a.m. No. 22, 4:30 a.m. No. 23, 8:00 a.m. No. 24, 11:30 a.m. No. 25, 2:00 p.m. No. 26, 5:30 p.m. No. 27, 9:00 p.m. No. 28, 11:30 p.m. No. 29, 1:00 a.m. No. 30, 4:30 a.m. No. 31, 8:00 a.m. No. 32, 11:30 p.m. No. 33, 1:00 a.m. No. 34, 4:30 a.m. No. 35, 8:00 a.m. No. 36, 11:30 p.m. No. 37, 1:00 a.m. No. 38, 4:30 a.m. No. 39, 8:00 a.m. No. 40, 11:30 p.m. No. 41, 1:00 a.m. No. 42, 4:30 a.m. No. 43, 8:00 a.m. No. 44, 11:30 p.m. No. 45, 1:00 a.m. No. 46, 4:30 a.m. No. 47, 8:00 a.m. No. 48, 11:30 p.m. No. 49, 1:00 a.m. No. 50, 4:30 a.m. No. 51, 8:00 a.m. No. 52, 11:30 p.m. No. 53, 1:00 a.m. No. 54, 4:30 a.m. No. 55, 8:00 a.m. No. 56, 11:30 p.m. No. 57, 1:00 a.m. No. 58, 4:30 a.m. No. 59, 8:00 a.m. No. 60, 11:30 p.m. No. 61, 1:00 a.m. No. 62, 4:30 a.m. No. 63, 8:00 a.m. No. 64, 11:30 p.m. No. 65, 1:00 a.m. No. 66, 4:30 a.m. No. 67, 8:00 a.m. No. 68, 11:30 p.m. No. 69, 1:00 a.m. No. 70, 4:30 a.m. No. 71, 8:00 a.m. No. 72, 11:30 p.m. No. 73, 1:00 a.m. No. 74, 4:30 a.m. No. 75, 8:00 a.m. No. 76, 11:30 p.m. No. 77, 1:00 a.m. No. 78, 4:30 a.m. No. 79, 8:00 a.m. No. 80, 11:30 p.m. No. 81, 1:00 a.m. No. 82, 4:30 a.m. No. 83, 8:00 a.m. No. 84, 11:30 p.m. No. 85, 1:00 a.m. No. 86, 4:30 a.m. No. 87, 8:00 a.m. No. 88, 11:30 p.m. No. 89, 1:00 a.m. No. 90, 4:30 a.m. No. 91, 8:00 a.m. No. 92, 11:30 p.m. No. 93, 1:00 a.m. No. 94, 4:30 a.m. No. 95, 8:00 a.m. No. 96, 11:30 p.m. No. 97, 1:00 a.m. No. 98, 4:30 a.m. No. 99, 8:00 a.m. No. 100, 11:30 p.m.

FRANKFORD AND CINCINNATI RAILWAY.

Frankford, Georgetown, Louisville and Cincinnati. Read Down. V. A. F. A. R. & C. Read Up. F. M. F. M. 8:00 a.m. Lv. Richmond. Arr. 10:00 a.m. 8:30 a